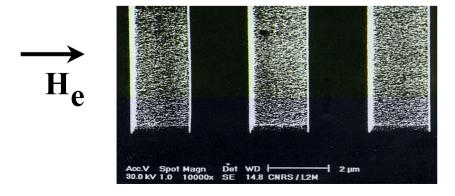
Spin wave "wells" in non-ellipsoidal magnetic elements Andrei Slavin, Oakland University, Michigan, DMR-0072017

SPIN WAVE (SW) MODES IN PATTERNED MEDIA

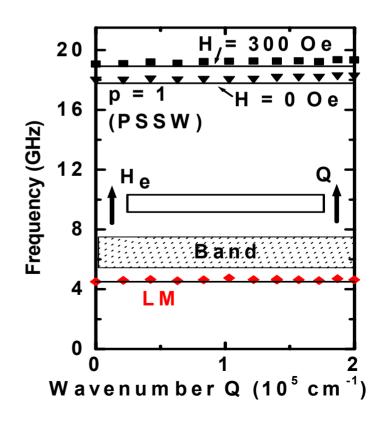
- 1. Progress in magnetic recording led to the development of a NEW (patterned) film media for magnetic recording, where each bit is written in a single pattern element.
- 2. To achieve fast (sub-nanosecond) "precessional" remagnetization of a pattern element it is necessary to have the duration of a "writing" pulse equal to half a period of a spin wave eigen-frequency in the pattern element.
- 3. Thus, it is necessary to study eigen-frequencies of SW modes in small non-ellipsoidal magnetic elements.

Example of a patterned recording medium: permalloy stripes magnetized along their width



EXPERIMENT

- 1. Spin wave eigen-frequencies in permalloy stripes magnetized along their width were measured by Brillouin light scattering in the group of Prof. Hillebrands, Kaiserslautern, Germany.
- 2. A NEW strongly spatially localized spin wave mode (LM) of unknown nature was discovered.



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WE FOUND:

- (i) That inhomogeneous bias magnetic field inside a non-ellipsoidal magnetic element forms "potential wells" for spin waves in which spin wave modes are localized.
- (ii) Although the localized mode (LM) is the lowest in the spectrum, it is of a purely EXCHANGE nature.
- (iii) The quantization condition for the LM has the integral form

$$\int_{z_{\min}(v)}^{z_{\max}(v)} Q_z[H(z), v] dz = \pi$$

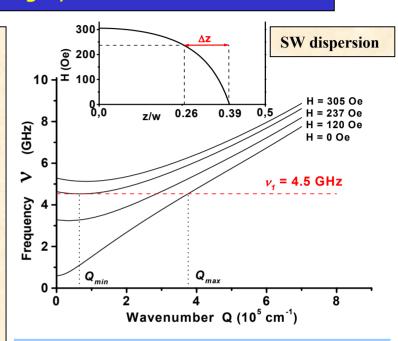
(iv) The developed theory allows us to calculate the localization length (0.13 μ m) and the frequency (4. 52 GHz) of the LM, that are in good agreement with the experimental data.

Results were published in:

Phys. Rev. Lett. 88, art. # 047204 (2002).

The following students have gained a great deal of expertise by performing calculations of SW mode localization:

Russell Kouba (undergraduate) Radoslav Bozinoski (undergraduate) Paul Wierzbicki (graduate)



Internal field and regions of mode localization

